THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI KANTILAL BHURIA): (a) Agricultural education being a State subject, the budget of State Agricultural Universities (SAUs) is provided by the concerned State Governments. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)/ Department of Agricultural Research and Education (DARE) extends limited support to SAUs for education as development grant. This assistance has been increased from Rs.208.09 crores in Eleventh Plan to Rs. 1019.84 crores in Tenth Plan. With this increased Central assistance, most of the SAUs in the country are functioning properly.

(b) and (c) The ICAR/DARE has given high priority in revamping of Agricultural Education in the country in Tenth Plan in the context of new challenges. The major components of revamping include: developing state of art facilities, modernization of laboratories and class rooms, libraries, human resource development in cutting edge subjects, building niche area excellence, equipments, experiential learning units, facilities for engendering courses and vocational education etc. In addition special grants have been provided to SAUs as per details give in Statement (*See* below) for modernization and creation of excellence in specialized areas.

Statement

Special grants provided to State agricultural universities during Tenth Plan

Sl. No.	Name of the University	Amount (Rs. in crores)
1.	Sher-e-Kashmir University of Agriculture & Technology, Jammu	68.00
2.	Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana	100.00
3.	G.. B. Pant University of Agriculture & Technology, Pantnagar*	50.00
4.	Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore*	50.00
5.	C. S. Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishwavidyalaya, Palampur	10.13
6.	Dr. Y. S. Parmar University of Horticulture & Forestry, Solan	13.23

*Funds to be released during 2007-08.

Milk production

†1371. SHRI SATYAVRAT CHATURVEDI:
SHRI MOTILAL VORA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of milk being produced in the country at present and requirement thereof;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the quantity of milk that would be required in the year 2010 and assessment regarding its production;

(c) the reasons for decline in the production of milk;

(d) the number of times prices of milk were increased during last two years and by how much; and

(e) the steps taken by Government to increase production of milk in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI TASLIMUDDIN): (a) and (b) The estimated milk production in the country during 2005-06 was 97.1 million tonnes and the same will be of the order of 117 million tonnes during 2010-11. The information regarding requirement of milk is not being maintained.

(c) There is no decline in production of milk in the country.

(d) A Statement showing the number of times prices of milk were increased during last two years and by how much in some selected cities in the country is enclosed (*See* below).

(e) In addition to the steps taken by State Governments, the Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying and Fisheries has been supplementing the efforts of the State Governments by way of the following schemes to improve the quality and quantity of milk in the country:

(i) National Project for Cattle and Buffalo Breeding.

(ii) Intensive Dairy Development Programme.

(iii) Livestock Health and Disease Control Programme.

(iv) Fodder Development Scheme.

(v) Assistance to Cooperatives.

(vi) Strengthening Infrastructure for Quality and Clean Milk Production.

(vii) Dairy/PoultryVenture Capital fund.

(viii) Livestock Insurance Scheme.

Statement

Deatils regarding for number of times prices of milk (in Rs. per litre) were increased and by how much in some selected cities in the country during last two years 2005 *and* 2006.

Sl. No.	City	Price range-2005	Number of times milk price increased	Price range-2006	Number of times milk price increased
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Shimla	13.0 to 17.0	3	16.0 to 17.0	2

1	2	3	4	5	6
2	Lucknow	18.0 to 20.0	-	18.0 to 21.0	2
3	Delhi	15.0	-	15.0 to 17.0	2
4	Ahmedabad	20.0	-	20.0	-
5	Bhopal	16.0 to 18.0	-	16.0 to 18.0	1
6	Mumbai	14.0	-	14.0 to 17.0	2
7	Jaipur	12.0 to 14.0	2	13.0	-
8	Guwahati	16.0	-	18.0	-
9	Patna	12.0	-	12.0	-
10	Shillong	26.0 to 28.0	1	28.0 to 30.0	2
11	Aizwal	26.0	-	26.0 to 28.0	1
12	Bhubaneswar	14.0	-	14.0 to 16.0	2
13	Kolkata	19.0 to 23.0	4	23.0 to 27.0	3
14	Hyderabad	15.0	-	15.0 to 18.0	2
15	Bangalore	13.0	-	13.0 to 14.0	1
16	Thiruvananthpuram	14.0 to 16.0	2	15.0	1
17	Chennai	14.0	-	14.0	-

Setting up ICAR centres

1372. SHRI ABU ASIM AZMI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Indian Council of Agricultural Research centres in the country at present. State-wise:

(b) whether Government propose to set up more such centres during the Eleventh Five Year Plan in the country;

(c) if so, by when such centres are expected to be set up and start functioning; and

(d) the funds allocated/proposed to be allocated for this purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI KANTILAL BHURIA): (a) There are 95 ICAR Institutes/Centres including 4 Deemed to be Universities, 5 National Bureaux, 43 National Institutes, 1 National Academy for Agricultural Research Management, 12 Project Directorates and 30 National Research Centres, located in different States of the country. The State-wise list is given in the Statement (*See* below).